Übungsaufgaben zur Vorlesung DG II Prof. Dr. G. Wang Dr. X. Zhang

Aufgabe 1

Prove that for any 2-tensor $a_{ij\tau_i\otimes\tau_j}$, the Ricci identity holds:

$$a_{ij,kl} = a_{ij,lk} + a_{im}R_{mjlk} + a_{mj}R_{milk},$$

where $a_{ij,kl}$ means $a_{ij,k,l}$ -i.e., the covariant derivative with respect to τ_l of the tensor $a_{ij,k}\tau_i \otimes \tau_j \otimes \tau_k.$

Facts

Let M^n be an *n*-dimensional cone embedded in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} (i.e., $\lambda M = M$ for any $\lambda > 0$), with zero mean curvature, with only singularity at the origin. Define the quantity

$$\mathcal{D} := \sum_{i,j,k} h_{ij,k}^2 - \sum_{k=1}^n |A|^{-2} (h_{ij}h_{ij,k})^2.$$
(1)

Let $x \in M$ and select the frame τ_1, \ldots, τ_n so that τ_n is radial $(i.e., \frac{x}{|x|})$ along the ray l_x through x, and so (as vectors in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}) τ_1, \ldots, τ_n are constant along l_x . One has the following facts:

1. $h_{nj} = h_{jn=0}$ on l_x for j = 1, ..., n, and (hint: since M is a cone, $h_{ij}(\lambda x) =$ $\lambda^{-1}h_{ij}(x), \forall \lambda > 0$

$$h_{ij,n} = -r^{-1}h_{ij} \quad on \quad l_x.$$

2. Rearranging the expression of \mathcal{D} , one can show that

$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \sum_{i,j,r,s=1}^{n} |A|^{-2} (h_{rs} h_{ij,k} - h_{ij} h_{rs,k})^2,$$

3. Finally, one can prove that

$$\mathcal{D}(x) \ge 2|x|^{-2}|A(x)|^{-2}, \quad \forall 0 \neq x \in M.$$

Remark: note that

$$\sum_{i,j,r,s=1}^{n} (h_{rs}h_{ij,k} - h_{ij}h_{rs,k})^2 \ge 4 \sum_{i,j,r=1,s=n}^{n-1} (h_{rs}h_{ij,k} - h_{ij}h_{rs,k})^2,$$

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(4 Punkte)

which implies

$$\mathcal{D} \ge 2|A|^{-2} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \sum_{i,j,r=1}^{n-1} (h_{ij}h_{rn,k})^2$$

Then use Codazzi equation and eqn. (2), one can complete the proof.

Aufgabe 2

 $(4 + 4 + 4 + 4^* \text{ Punkte})$

Suppose $2 \leq n \leq 6$, and M^n is an *n*-dimensional cone embedded in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} (i.e., $\lambda M = M$ for any $\lambda > 0$), with zero mean curvature, with only singularity at the origin. Suppose that M is stable, in the sense that the stability inequality holds:

$$\int_M \left(|\nabla \xi|^2 - \xi^2 |A|^2 \right) \mathrm{d}\mathcal{H}^n \ge 0$$

for every $\xi \in C_c^1(M)$ (note that $0 \notin M$, so such ξ vanish in a neighborhood of 0).

1. Prove the integral estimate

$$2\int_{M} r^{-2}\xi^{2} |A|^{2} \leq \int_{M} |A|^{2} |\nabla\xi|^{2}, \quad \forall \xi \in C_{c}^{1}(M).$$

Here r(x) denotes the Euclidean distance of x to the origin.

Hint: Use Facts: Item (3) *in Simons identity to get a differential equation* for $\frac{1}{2}\Delta_M(|A|^2)$. Then replace ξ by $\xi|A|$ in the stability inequality.

2. Suppose that we have already shown that Item 1 (the integral estimate) is valid even for those ξ that does not have compact support in M, but just with the property that ξ is locally Lipschitz and

$$\int_M r^{-2}\xi^2 |A|^2 < \infty.$$
(3)

For the cone M, we can write

$$\int_{M} \varphi(x) \mathrm{d}\mathcal{H}^{n}(x) = \int_{0}^{\infty} r^{n-1} \int_{S} \varphi(r\omega) \mathrm{d}\mathcal{H}^{n-1}(\omega) \mathrm{d}r, \qquad (4)$$

for any non-negative continuous φ on M, where $S = M \cap \mathbb{S}^n$ is a compact (n-1)-dimensional embedded submanifold. Use eqn. (4) to check that $\xi_1 := r^{1+\epsilon}r_1^{1-\frac{n}{2}-2\epsilon}$, where $r_1 = \max\{1, r\}$, is a valid choice to ensure eqn. (3).

Hint: note that since M is a cone, we have $|A(x)|^2 = r^{-2}|A(\frac{x}{|x|})|^2$.

3. Use the above ξ_1 to test the integral estimate shown in Item (1), and show that

$$2\int_M r^{2\epsilon} r_1^{2-n-4\epsilon} |A|^2$$

can be estimated by the sum of integrals $\int_{M \cap \{r>1\}} (\cdot)$ and $\int_{M \cap \{r<1\}} (\cdot)$, and the sum of these two integrals is in particular finite.

4. For $2 \le n \le 6$, use Item (3) to conclude that $|A|^2 \equiv 0$ on M.

Remark: This proves J. Simons [Sim] result on non-existence in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} of ndimensional stable minimal cones for $2 \leq n \leq 6$. The proof follows from Schoen-Simon-Yau [ScSiYa], which is slightly different from the original proof by Simons.

Bitte schreiben Sie Ihre(n) Namen, die Matrikelnummer sowie die Nummer Ihrer Übungsgruppe auf jedes Lösungsblatt. Abgabe ist am Montag, 30.6.25, vor der Vorlesung.